

31ST ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Date: 28th September, 2025

Day: Sunday Time: 11:30 A.M.

Venue: AGM of the Company is being conducted through VC/OAVM Facility

CIN: L74899DL1994PLC057507

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Ravi Jain (Managing Director)

Mr. Raghu Nandan Arora (Executive Non-Independent Director)
Mr. Bhuvnesh Kumar Sharma (Non-Executive Non-Independent Director)

Mrs. Shruti Das (Independent Director)
Mr. Rameshwar Dayal Sharma (Independent Director)

COMPANY SECRETARY, COMPLIANCE OFFICER & CFO

Ashish

AUDITORS

M/s Sanjeev Bhargava & Associates Chartered Accountant

BANKERS

Union Bank of India

REGISTRAR & SHARE TRANSFER

MAS Services Limited

T –34, 2nd Floor, Okhla Industrial Area

Phase –II, New Delhi –110020 Phone: 011-26387281/82/83 Website: www.masserv.com Email: info@masserv.com

REGISTERED OFFICE

B – 09, 412, ITL Twin Tower, Netaji Subhash Place, Pitampura, New Delhi – 110088

Phone: 011-45058963

Website: www.brilliantportfolios.com Email: brilliantportfolios@gmail.com

SHARES LISTED AT

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

CONTENTS					
S. No	Particulars	Pg. No			
1	Directors' Report	1 –14			
2	Management Discussion and Analysis Report	15–16			
3	Independent Auditor's Report	17 - 26			
(i)	Notes to Financial Statement	27 - 34			
(ii)	Balance Sheet	35			
(iii)	Statement of Profit and Loss Account	36			
(iv)	Cash Flow Statement	37			
(v)	Statement of Changes in Equity	38			
(vi)	Notes to Accounts	39 – 57			

BOARD'S REPORT

To The Members,

The Directors of your Company have the pleasure in presenting the 31st Annual Report together with the audited financial statements for the financial year ("FY") ended March 31, 2025.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE OF THE COMPANY

The Summary of the Company's Financial Performance for the Financial Year 2024-25 as compared to the previous Financial Year 2023-24 as given below:

(In Lakhs)

PARTICULARS	2024-25	2023-24
Gross Income	321.44	305.76
Less: Expenses & Provisions	62.59	66.15
Less: Depreciation	11.52	0.1
Less: Interest & Finance Charges	171.74	173.36
Profit Before Tax	75.59	66.15
Less: Provisions for taxation	20.52	16.20
Profit After Tax (PAT)	55.07	49.95
Add: Balance brought forward from previous year	434.06	394.10
Balance available for appropriations	489.13	444.05
Appropriations		
Statutory Reserve	11.01	9.99
Net worth	929.38	874.31

OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

The Company's performance during the year ended March 31, 2025 in comparison with the year ended March 31, 2024 is summarized as follows:

Total income was Rs. 321.44 lakhs in FY25 as compared to Rs. 305.76 lakhs in FY24. Profit before taxes was Rs. 75.59 lakhs in FY25 as compared to Rs. 66.15 lakhs in FY24. Profit for the year was Rs. 55.07 lakhs in FY25 as compared to Rs. 49.95 lakhs in FY24.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES

As required under Section 45IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, 20% of the profits are required to be transferred to a Special Reserve Account. Accordingly, the Company has transferred Rs. 11.01/- (In Lakhs) in current year and Rs. 9.99/- (In Lakhs) in previous year to Statutory Reserve Account.

COST RECORDS

The maintenance of cost records, for the services rendered by the Company, is not required pursuant to Section 148(1) of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 and hence such accounts and records were not required to be maintained by the Company.

INFORMATION ON THE STATE OF AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

The information on the affairs of the Company has been given as part of the Management Discussion and Analysis section of the Report.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

There have been no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which occurred between the end of the financial year to which these financial statements relate and the date of the Board's Report.

DIVIDEND

The Board of your Company decided not to transfer any amount to the General Reserve and retain the entire amount of profit under Retained Earnings. For complete details on movement in Reserves and Surplus during the financial year ended March 31, 2025, please refer to the 'Statement of Changes in Equity' included in the financial statements of this Annual Report. Additionally, to conserve the resources of the company and requirement of working capital, Directors do not recommend any dividend for the year under consideration.

FUND RAISING

During the year under review, no fund-raising activity was undertaken.

SHARE CAPITAL

As on March 31, 2025, the Authorized Share Capital of the Company stood at Rs. 350/- (In Lakhs) (35,00,000 Shares of Rs. 10/- each and the Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Equity Share Capital of the Company stands at Rs. 310.18 (In Lakhs) (comprising of 31,01,800 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each). During the Financial Year, the Company had not issued any Equity shares with Differential rights, any Sweat equity Shares and any Employee stock Option.

INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

There is no Company became or ceased to be the Subsidiary of the company.

RBI REGISTRATION

The Company is a registered Non-Banking Financial Company - Investment and Credit Company ("NBFC-ICC") pursuant to the receipt of Certificate of Registration from the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI"), under Section 45-IA of the RBI Act.

STATUTORY DISCLAIMER

The Company is having a valid Certificate of Registration issued by RBI under Section45-IA of the RBI Act. However, RBI does not accept any responsibility or guarantee about the present position as to the financial soundness of the Company or for the correctness of any of the statements or representations made or opinions expressed by the Company and discharge of liabilities by the Company.

DEPOSITS

The Company being a non-deposit taking Non-Banking Financial Company ("NBFC"), has not accepted any deposits from the public during the year under review.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

As of March 31, 2025, the Company has Five Directors including one Woman Director, of which two were Independent Directors of the Company. The composition of the Board is in accordance with the SEBI Listing

Regulation read with Section 149 of the Act, with an appropriate combination of Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors.

Section 152 of the Act provides that unless the Articles of Association provide for retirement of all directors at every AGM, not less than two-third of the total number of directors of a public company (excluding the Independent Directors) shall be persons whose period of office is liable to determination by retirement of directors by rotation, of which one-third are liable to retire by rotation. Accordingly, Mr. Ravi Jain (Din: 02682612), Director of the Company, is liable to retire by rotation at the ensuring Annual General Meeting and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment. The Board of Directors recommends his re-appointment.

The brief details of the Director proposed to be re-appointed as required under Secretarial Standard-2 issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India and Regulation 36 of the SEBI Listing Regulations is provided in the Notice convening Annual General Meeting of the Company.

All the Directors of the Company have confirmed that they are not disqualified to act as Director in terms of Section 164 of the Act. The Board is of the opinion that the Independent Directors of the Company possess requisite qualifications, experience, expertise (including proficiency, as applicable) and hold highest standards of integrity.

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

All Independent Directors have submitted the declaration of independence, pursuant to the provisions of Section 149(7) of the Act and Regulation 25(8) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, stating that they meet the criteria of independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Act and Regulations 16(1)(b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and they are not aware of any circumstance or situation, which exist or may be reasonably anticipated, that could impair or impact his/her ability to discharge his/ her duties with an objective independent judgment and without any external influence.

FIT AND PROPER CRITERIA & CODE OF CONDUCT

All the Directors meet the fit and proper criteria stipulated by RBI. All the Directors and Senior Management Personnel ("SMP") of the Company under the SEBI Listing Regulations have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct of the Company.

KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL ("KMP'S")

As on March 31, 2025, the Company had the following KMPs:

- Mr. Ravi Jain Managing Director
- Mr. Ashish Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary

During the period under review, there were no changes in the KMPs of the Company.

POLICY ON DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION/COMPENSATION FOR DIRECTORS, SENIOR MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL, KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL AND OTHER EMPLOYEES

In accordance with the provisions of Section 134(3)(e) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Section 178 of the Act and Regulation 19 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("the Listing Regulations"), your Company has adopted Nomination and Remuneration Policy which, interalia, includes the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of Directors, identification of persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in the Senior Management team.

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF THE BOARD

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act and the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Board has carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance, performance of the Directors individually and the Committees of the Board.

Sr. No.	Performance evaluation of	Performance evaluation performed by	Criteria
1	Each Individual Directors	Nomination and Remuneration Committee	Attendance, Contribution to the Board and committee meetings like preparedness on the issues to be discussed, meaningful and constructive contribution and guidance provided, key performance aspects in case of executive directors etc.
2	Independent Directors	Entire Board of Directors excluding the director who is being evaluated	Attendance, Contribution to the Board and committee meetings like preparedness on the issues to be discussed, meaningful and constructive contribution and guidance provided etc.
3	Board and its committees	All directors	Board composition and structure; effectiveness of Board processes, information and functioning, fulfilment of key responsibilities, performance of specific duties and obligations, timely flow of information etc. The assessment of committees based on the terms of reference of the committees and effectiveness of the meetings.

BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY AND SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

The provisions of Clause 34(2)(f) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations regarding the Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report is not applicable on the Company for the year under review.

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company having paid up capital and Net worth less than the threshold provided under Regulation 15 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Hence, it does not require any further comment.

STATUTORY AUDITOR

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 139(2) of the Act and the rules made thereunder and RBI requirements, the Members at their Twenty Eighth Annual General Meeting held on 25th September, 2022 had appointed M/s Sanjeev Bhargava & Associates, Chartered Accountants, (Registration No. 003724N) as Statutory Auditor of the Company from the conclusion of Twenty Eighth Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of Thirty First Annual General Meeting." Thus, the tenure of M/s Sanjeev Bhargava & Associates, Chartered Accountants would end at the conclusion of the ensuing AGM.

In light of the aforesaid, the Board of Directors of the Company has recommended the appointment of M/s V P Jain & Associates, Chartered Accountant (Firm Registration No. 015260N) as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a period of three continuous years in accordance with the guidelines stipulated by RBI, to hold office from the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM i.e. 31st AGM till the conclusion of the 34th AGM, subject to the approval of the Members at the ensuing AGM of the Company. M/s V P Jain & Associates, Chartered Accountants, have confirmed that their appointment, if made, will comply with the eligibility criteria in terms of Section 141(3) of the Act and RBI regulations. Further, the Statutory Auditors have confirmed that they have subjected themselves to Peer Review process by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") and hold valid certificate issued by the Peer Review Board of ICAI.

AUDITORS' REPORT

The Auditors' Report to the Members for the year under review is unmodified. The notes to the accounts referred to in the Auditors' Report are self-explanatory and therefore do not call for any further clarifications under Section 134(3)(f) of the Act.

SECRETARIAL AUDITOR

Pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 24A of the SEBI Listing Regulations and in accordance with Section 204 of the Act, basis recommendation of the Board, the Company is required to appoint Secretarial Auditor, with the approval of the Members at its AGM.

In light of the aforesaid, the Board of the Company has recommended the appointment of M/s Om Prakash Agrahari & Co., Company Secretaries as the Secretarial Auditor of the Company for a period of 5 (five) consecutive financial years, i.e.; from FY 2025-26 up to FY 2029-30, subject to approval of the Members at the ensuing AGM of the Company, to undertake secretarial audit as required under the Act and SEBI Listing Regulations and issue the necessary secretarial audit report for the aforesaid period.

M/s Om Prakash Agrahari & Co., Company Secretaries have confirmed that their appointment, if made, will comply with the eligibility criteria in terms of SEBI Listing Regulations. Further, the Secretarial Auditor has confirmed that they have subjected themselves to Peer Review process by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India ("ICSI") and hold valid certificate issued by the Peer Review Board of ICSI.

SECRETARIAL AUDIT

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Act, the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 24A of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company had appointed M/s Om Prakash Agrahari & Co., Company Secretaries to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company for FY25.

The Secretarial Audit Report is appended as **Annexure I** to the Board's Report. There is no adverse remark, qualification, reservation or disclaimer in the Secretarial Audit Report.

INTERNAL AUDITOR

During the year under review, Mr. Nitin Agrawal was appointed as the Internal Auditor of the Company to conduct the Internal Audit on the basis of detailed Internal Audit Plan. The Company follows a robust Internal Audit process and audits are conducted on a regular basis, throughout the year, as per the agreed audit plan.

REPORTING OF FRAUDS BY AUDITORS

There were no frauds reported by the Auditors of the Company under Section 143(12) of the Act to the Audit Committee ("AC").

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The information required pursuant to the provisions of Section 197 of the Act read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 in respect of employees of the Company has been appended as **Annexure II** to the Board's Report.

The Board affirms that the remuneration paid to the employees of the Company is as per the policy on Directors' appointment and remuneration/compensation for Directors, Senior Management Personnel, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees and is in accordance with the requirements of the Act and SEBI Listing Regulations and none of the employees listed in the said Annexure are related to any Directors of the Company.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

The Company being engaged in the financial services activities, its operations are not energy intensive nor does it require adoption of specific technology and hence information in terms of Section 134(3)(m) of the Act read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is not applicable to the Company. Nevertheless, the Company is vigilant on the need for conservation of energy.

During the FY 2024-25, the Company's foreign exchange earnings and outgo were NIL.

DEPOSITORY SYSTEM

The Company's Equity Shares are compulsorily tradable in electronic form. As on March 31, 2025, 78.88% of the Equity Shares are held in electronic form and 6,54,965 Equity Shares out of 31,01,800 Equity Shares were held in physical form. In view of the numerous advantages offered by the Depository System, the Members holding shares in physical form are advised to avail of the facility of dematerialization.

As per notifications issued by SEBI from time to time, requests for effecting transfer of securities are not processed unless the securities are held in the dematerialised form with the depositories.

Further, transmission or transposition of securities held in physical or dematerialised form is also effected only in dematerialised form. Therefore, Members holding securities in physical form are requested to take necessary action to dematerialise their holdings.

SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURE AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

The company does not have any subsidiary, Associate and Joint venture Company.

MATERIAL SUBSIDIARIES

There is no material subsidiary of the Company as on March 31, 2025.

DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

In terms of section 134(3) (c) read with Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, your Board of Directors, to the best of its knowledge and ability confirm that:

- a) In the preparation of the annual financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025, the applicable accounting standards have been followed and there are no material departures from the same;
- b) the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025 and of the profit of the Company for the year ended on that date;
- c) the Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the Directors have prepared the annual accounts on a 'going concern basis;
- e) the Directors have laid down proper internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and such financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively; and
- f) the Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that systems are adequate and are operating effectively.

SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Company has complied with all applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the ICSI on Board meetings and General meetings.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND ITS ADEQUACY

The Company has proper and adequate system of internal financial controls commensurate with its nature and size of business and meets the following objectives:

- a) Providing assurance regarding the effectiveness and efficiency of operations
- b) Efficient use and safe guarding of resources
- c) Compliance with policies, procedures and applicable laws and regulations and
- d) Transactions being accurately reported and recorded timely

The Company has budgetary control system to monitor expenditures and operations against budgets on an ongoing basis.

MEETINGS OF BOARD

During the year, four board meetings were held during the year on 28th May, 2024, 12th August, 2024, 12th November, 2024 and 10th February, 2025. The intervening gap between the Meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

A qualified and Independent Audit Committee of the Board of the company is functioning. It monitors and supervises the Management's financial reporting process with a view to ensure accurate and proper disclosure, transparency and quality of financial reporting. The committee reviews the financial and risk management policies and also the adequacy of internal control systems and holds discussions with Statutory Auditors and Internal Auditors. This is enhancing the credibility of the financial disclosures of the company and also provides transparency.

· Terms of reference

The role and terms of reference of the Audit Committee cover the areas mentioned under Regulation 18 (3) of Listing Regulations and Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013, besides other terms as may be referred to by the Board of Directors from time to time.

Composition

The Audit Committee comprises of 3 (Three) directors i.e. Mrs. Shruti Das, Mr. Rameshwar Dayal Sharma & Mr. Raghu Nandan Arora. Mrs. Shruti Das is the chairman of the Audit Committee and is a Non-executive and Independent Director. All the recommendations made by the Audit Committee were accepted by the Board.

Meetings

Four meetings of the Audit Committee were held during the Financial Year ended 31st March 2025. Every Member has attended all the meetings.

Details of Recommendations of Audit Committee which were not accepted by the Board along with reasons

During the year the Board of Directors has considered all the recommendations made by the Audit Committee and has accepted and carried on the recommendations suggested by the Committee to its satisfaction. Hence

there are no recommendations unaccepted by the Board of Directors of the Company during the year under review.

· Criteria for evaluation of the performance of the independent directors

The criteria of evaluation of performance of Independent Director, includes their qualification, experience, competency, knowledge, understanding of respective roles (as Independent Director and as a member of committee of which they are members/chairpersons), adherence to Codes and ethics, conduct, attendance and participation in the meetings, etc.

STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

• Term of reference

The role and terms of reference of the cover the areas mentioned under Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013, besides other terms as may be referred to by the Board of Directors from time to time.

Composition

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee comprise of 3 (Three) Directors i.e. Mrs. Shruti Das, Mr. Rameshwar Dayal Sharma & Mr. Ravi Jain. Mr. Rameshwar Dayal Sharma is the chairman of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee and is a Non-executive and Independent Director.

Meetings

Two meetings of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee were held during the Financial Year ended 31st March 2025.

NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

· Term of reference

The role and terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee cover the areas mentioned under Regulation 19 (4) of Listing Regulations and Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013, besides other terms as may be referred to by the Board of Directors from time to time.

Composition

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprises of 3 (Three) Directors i.e. Mrs. Shruti Das, Mr. Rameshwar Dayal Sharma & Mr. Raghu Nandan Arora. Mrs. Shruti Das is the chairman of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and is a Non-executive and Independent Director.

Meetings

Two meetings of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee were held during the Financial Year ended 31st March 2025.

WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY / VIGIL MECHANISM

Pursuant to Rule 7 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 read with Section 177(9) of the Act and Regulation 22 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company has adopted a Vigil Mechanism Framework, under which the Whistle Blower Investigation Committee has been set up. The objective of the framework is to establish a redressal forum, which addresses all concerns raised on questionable practices and through which all the stakeholders such as Employees, Directors and service providers (agency, vendor, contractor or any outsourced partner) can raise actual or suspected violations. The Vigil Mechanism Framework provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of the persons who use such mechanism.

During the year under review, no complaint pertaining to the Company was received under the Whistle Blower mechanism.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, INVESTMENTS MADE, GUARANTEES GIVEN OR SECURITY PROVIDED BY THE COMPANY

The particulars of loans, guarantees, security and investments as per Section 186 of the Act by the Company, as applicable, have been disclosed in the financial statements.

PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

All contracts/ arrangements/ transactions entered by the Company during the FY 2024-25 with related parties were on an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business and approved by the Audit Committee and omnibus approval were obtained, where applicable.

During the year under review, there has been no materially significant Related Party Transactions having potential conflict with the interest of the Company. Necessary disclosures required under the AS 18 have been made in the Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025.

Pursuant to Section 134(3) (h) of the Act read with Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, there are no related party transactions that are required to be reported under Section 188(1) of the Act in the prescribed Form AOC-2.

RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The Board of Directors of the Company has framed a risk management policy and is responsible for reviewing the risk management plan and ensuring its effectiveness. The audit committee has additional oversight in the area of financial risks and controls. Major risks identified by the businesses and functions are systematically addressed through mitigating actions on a continuing basis.

POLICY FOR PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT AT WORKPLACE

The Company has in place a policy for prevention, prohibition and redressal of sexual harassment at workplace. Further, the Company has constituted an Internal Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013, where complaints in the nature of sexual harassment can be registered. Appropriate reporting mechanisms are in place for ensuring protection against sexual harassment and the right to work with dignity. During the year under review, no complaints were received from any of the employees.

ANNUAL RETURN

The Annual Return in Form MGT-7 as required under Section 92(3) of the Act is available on the website of the Company at http://brilliantportfolios.com/.

SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS

There are no significant and material orders passed by the regulators/courts which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

RBI REGULATIONS

The Company has complied with the applicable regulations of RBI.

CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS, IF ANY

There has been no change in the nature of business and operations of the Company during the year under review.

TRANSFER OF UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND

During the year under review, your Company was not required to transfer any amount to Investor Education and Protection Fund.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The provision of Section 135 of the Act with respect to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) is not applicable to the Company; hence there is no need to develop policy on CSR.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In terms of the provisions of Regulation 34 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, Management Discussion and Analysis Report forms part of this Report.

LISTING

Equity Shares of your Company are listed on BSE Limited. Your Company has paid required listing fees to Stock Exchanges for FY 2025-26.

DISCLOSURE PERTAINING TO INSOLVENCY & BANKRUPTCY CODE ("IBC")

During the period under review, no application was made by or against the company, and accordingly, no proceeding is pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.

DISCLOSURE OF ONE TIME SETTLEMENT

The Company did not avail any such onetime settlement during the Financial Year. Therefore, disclosure of the details of difference between amount of the valuation done at the time of one-time settlement and the valuation done while taking loan from the Banks or Financial Institutions along with the reasons thereof is not applicable to the Company.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Directors express their sincere gratitude and appreciation towards all those who have contributed to the success of the Company during the past year. It is through the collective effort and dedication of many stakeholders that we have achieved our goals and milestones.

For and on behalf of the Board of Brilliant Portfolios Limited

Place: New Delhi Date: 02/09/2025 Ravi Jain Managing Director DIN: 02682612 Raghu Nandan Arora Director DIN: 00503731

Annexure - I

Form No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

[Pursuant to Section 204 (1) of Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Person) Rules, 2014

To
The Members,
Brilliant Portfolios Limited,
B–09, 412, ITL Twin Tower,
Netaji Subhash Place, Pitampura,
New Delhi – 110088

I have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the Compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by the **Brilliant Portfolios Limited** (hereinafter called the 'Company'). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's statutory registers, books, papers, minutes books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended March 31, 2025 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

- 1. I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and return filled and other records maintained by the company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2025 according to the provision of:
 - (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and rules made there under;
 - (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulations) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there under;
 - (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulation and Bye Laws framed there under;
 - (iv) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act. 1992 ('SEBI ACT') as amended from time to time:-
 - (a) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations & Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015:
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeover) Regulations, 2011;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018.
 - (v) Other specific business/industry related laws applicable to the Company:
 - (1) The RBI Act, 1934;
 - (2) Master Direction Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company –Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023;
 - (3) Non-Banking Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2007 and the other applicable general laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.
- 2. Provisions of the following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (SEBI Act) were not applicable to the Company under the financial year under report:

- (a) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment. Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings:
- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2018;
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018.
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares), Regulations, 2009.
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014;
- 3. I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following to the extent applicable:
 - (I) Secretarial Standards with regard to Meeting of Board of Directors (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS-2) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
 - (II) SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

I further Report that:

The Board of Director of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least 7 (seven) days in advance and a system exist for seeking and obtaining further information and clarification on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

The minutes of the Board Meetings and Committee Meetings have not identified any dissent by members of the Board/Committee of the Board, hence I have no reason to believe that the decisions by the Board were not approved by all the directors present. The Minutes of the Board Meetings and Committee Meetings were duly approved at the meeting by the Chairman of the Meeting.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines. As informed, the Company has responded appropriately to communication received from various statutory / regulatory authorities including initiating actions for corrective measures, wherever found necessary.

I further report that during the audit period, no specific event/action took place having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc.

For Om Prakash Agrahari & Co. Company Secretaries

> Om Prakash Agrahari Proprietor C.P. No. 6871 Membership No. FCS 6933 UDIN- F006933G000511932

Place: New Delhi Date: 30/05/2025

This report is to be read with my letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure – A and forms an integral part of this report.

Annexure A to Secretarial Audit Report

To The Members, Brilliant Portfolios Limited, B–09, 412, ITL Twin Tower, Netaji Subhash Place, Pitampura, New Delhi – 110088

My Secretarial Audit Report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. The compliance of provisions of all laws, rules, regulations and standards applicable to Brilliant Portfolios Limited (the Company) is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My examination was limited to the verification of records and procedures on test check basis for the purpose of issue of the Secretarial Audit Report.
- 2. Maintenance of secretarial and other records of applicable laws is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to issue Secretarial Audit Report, based on the audit of the relevant records maintained and furnished to me by the Company, along with explanations where so required.
- 3. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial and other legal records, legal compliance mechanism and corporate conduct. Further, part of the verification was done on the basis of electronic data provided to me by the Company on test check basis to ensure that correct facts as reflected in secretarial and other records produce to me. I believe that the process and practices I followed, provides a reasonable basis for my opinion for the purpose of issue of the Secretarial Audit Report.
- 4. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 5. Whenever required, I have obtained the management representation about the list of applicable laws, compliance of laws, rules and regulations and major events during the audit period.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Om Prakash Agrahari & Co. Company Secretaries

> Om Prakash Agrahari Proprietor C.P. No. 6871 Membership No. FCS 6933

Place: New Delhi Date: 30/05/2025

Annexure – II

Details Pertaining to Employees Pursuant to Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 Read With Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

S.	Particulars Required	Relevant Details
No.		
i	Ratio of the remuneration of each director to the	Mr. Ravi Jain (Managing Director)
	median remuneration of the employees of the	1.56:1
	company for the financial year ended 31.03.2025	No other Directors are in receipt of remuneration
ii	Percentage increase in remuneration of each director,	Directors:
	Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer,	Mr. Ravi Jain, Managing Director –20.00%
	Company Secretary in the Financial Year	Key Managerial Personnel:
		Mr. Ashish, Company Secretary-21.43%
iii	Percentage increase in the median remuneration of	33.02%
	employees in the financial year	
iv	Number of permanent employees on the rolls of the	2 employees as on 31.03.2025
	Company	
٧	Average percentile increase already made in the	
	salaries of employees other than the managerial	Remuneration of executive director was increased
	personnel in the last financial year and its comparison	by 20.00% and Company Secretary was increased
	with the percentile increase in the managerial	by 21.43% during the year under review.
	remuneration and justification thereof and point out if	
	there are any exceptional circumstances for increase	Increase in salary of managerial personnel i.e. KMP was
	in the managerial remuneration	with the objective to keep pace with the industry norms
vi	It is hereby affirmed that the remuneration is paid as per	r the Remuneration Policy for Directors, Key Managerial
	Personnel and Employees	

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

Background

Brilliant Portfolios Limited ('Your Company') is a Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC). Your Company was incorporated in 1994. Your Company is listed on Bombay Stock Exchange. Registered office of your company is in Delhi. Your company is a Non-Systematically Important Non-Deposit taking NBFC.

Business Outlook

The global economy exhibited uneven yet steady growth across regions in 2024. Cyclical imbalances from post covid resurgence in 2022 and 2023, eased since the beginning of 2024, leading to a better alignment of economic activity with potential output in major economies. This adjustment also brought inflation rates across countries closer to target levels and contributed to lower global inflation. India's real GDP growth at 6.5% for FY25 (compared to 9.2% in FY24), reflecting strong recovery in second half of FY25. The International Monetary Fund (IMF) projects global economy to grow at 2.8% in CY2025, significantly lower than the historical (2000-19) average of 3.7%, largely due to increasing trade tensions and surge in policy uncertainty. Weaker global economic growth could lead to slowdown in global trade, investment, and overall economic activity, potentially impacting business sentiments, employment conditions and consumer spending. With growth varying across economies and last-mile disinflation proving sticky, global central banks are likely to take varying paths of monetary policy.

Against the backdrop of turbulent global environment, the Indian economy is expected to continue to demonstrate resilience in FY26 supported by robust sectoral performance and improving consumption trends. The RBI projects 6.5% growth in India's real GDP in FY26 supported by strong momentum in domestic demand amid cooling food inflation, tax benefits and lower borrowing costs. External factors such as rising US tariffs and global trade pushback will be the headwinds. The uncertain and volatile global environment could further defer the much-anticipated revival in private capex.

The RBI's policy measures in Q4-FY25 suggest a more balanced regulatory approach, fostering growth while ensuring compliance. Furthermore, RBI's commitment to maintain sufficient systemic liquidity could expedite transmission of policy rate cuts and help the NBFC sector to reduce their overall cost of funds.

Nature of Industry

Risk is inherent in the financial industry, but managing the risk well is what enables us to take the next risky bet, and thereby earn above normal returns. Excellent management by our Central Bank helped keep the industry on a stable footing, and most of our performance was based on the inherent strength of the Indian financial system. Global factors like high oil prices and higher interest rates are playing truant this year, but we expect our economy as well as our companies to manage both well.

Business Performance

We have benefited greatly from the excellent rally in the equity markets over the past year which has helped us post good profits for the year. We are faced with different challenges this year, but continue to be optimistic in the long run.

Risks & Concerns

All our borrowers kept their accounts in good stead even through the various challenges faced by the economy. The volatility in the stock market will continue to affect our performance, either towards the positive or negative, and while we hope to profit from it, it will also remain a source of risk.

Internal Control Systems and Their Adequacy

We believe that our internal control systems are adequate for the scale of our operations.

Limitations of Financial Statements

Our greatest strength is our people, a strength that no number in the Balance Sheet can cover. With the abilities of our people, we believe that we will continue to do well over the longer period of time.

Future Outlook

The NBFC sector is poised for sustained growth, driven by strong governance, responsible innovation, and increasing credit demand. Institutions that align with RBI regulations, embrace ethical lending, and adopt a customer-first approach are expected to lead.

Co-lending offers significant opportunities. By combining the distribution and underwriting strengths of NBFCs with combined funding pools, these partnerships can expand credit access efficiently. Success will depend on building robust frameworks for joint credit appraisal, risk sharing, data exchange and coordinated collections, as guided by RBI norms.

Digitisation continues to transform the sector. Integration with CKYC, CICs. IUs and CERSAI is enhancing credit assessment and risk management. Digital lending, data analytics, and tech-led recovery are improving operational efficiency and customer experience.

Opportunities are also emerging in green and sustainable finance, while consolidation may reshape the landscape. NBFCs that invest in technology, partnerships, and inclusive growth models are well-positioned to lead the sector forward.

Segment Wise Performance

Your Company has only single segment i.e. Investment. Revenue and expenses have been identified on the basis of accounting standard and guidance note issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Human Resources and Industrial Relations

We continue to maintain cordial relations with all our employees and have not had any problems with them.

Cautionary Statement

Statements in this Management Discussion and Analysis describing the Company's plan and objectives, financial conditions, business prospects, estimates and expectations may be forward looking statements which are based on the current belief, assumptions and projections of the Directors and the management of the Company. These statements do not guarantee the future performance and are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors some of which may be beyond the control of the Company. Actual results may differ substantially or materially from those expressed or implied. Important developments that could affect the Company's operations include unavailability of finance at competitive rates, significant changes in political and economic environment in India or key markets abroad, tax laws, litigations, interest and other costs.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Brilliant Portfolios Limited

Place: New Delhi Ravi Jain
Date: 11/08/2025 (Managing Director)
DIN: 02682612

Raghu Nandan Arora (Director) DIN: 00503731

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Brilliant Portfolios Limited Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Brilliant Portfolios Limited, (the "company") which comprise the Balance sheet as at March 31, 2025, and the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flows Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, its profits and other comprehensive income, its cash flow and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. We based on the work we have performed, determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion & Analysis, Board's Report including annexure thereto, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibility of Management & Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The accompanying Financial Statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors of the company is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, We determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current year and are therefore key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by section 197(16) of the Act in our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the managerial remuneration for the year ended 31 March 2025 has been paid / provided by the Company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with schedule V to the Act.
- 3. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B" to this report. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements

- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- 4.
 - a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - c) Based on the audit procedures that were considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
 - 5. Since the Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year, the question of commenting on whether dividend declared or paid is in accordance with Section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013 does not arise.
- 6. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended 31 March 2025, which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year under audit for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit, we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. The company has preserved the audit trail in accordance with statutory record retention requirements.

For Sanjeev Bhargava & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No.: 003724N

V K. Gupta (Partner) M. No. – 081647 UDIN – 25081647BMMLTZ7998

Place: New Delhi Date: 30/05/2025

Annexure 'A' to the Independent Auditors' Report of even date on the financial statements of Brilliant Portfolios Limited

The Annexure referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025:

In terms of the information and explanations sought by me and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by me in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- i) a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) No intangible assets are held by the Company.
 - b) The Company has a regular program of physical verification of Property, Plant and Equipment which is, in our opinion, reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. In accordance with this program, certain Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification.
 - c) No immovable properties are owned by the Company.
 - d) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year.
 - e) According to the information and explanations given to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- ii) a) The principal business of Company is to give loans and consequently the company does not hold any physical inventory as on 31st March 2025. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order are not applicable.
 - b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us, during the year, the Company has not been sanctioned any working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate at any point of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order are not applicable.
- iii) a) The principle business of Company is to give loans. Accordingly, the provision of clause 3(iii)(a) of the Order are not applicable.
 - b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, we are of the opinion that the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances are not prejudicial to the company's interest. The company has not made any investments and not provided / given any guarantee and security.
 - c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in the case of loans given, the repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments or receipts have been regular.

- d) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, there is no overdue amount for more than 90 days in respect of loans given.
- e) The Principle business of Company is to give loans. Accordingly, the provision of clause 3(iii)(e) is not applicable
- f) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, the company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment except as follows:

(Amount in thousands)

Particulars	All Parties	Promoters	Related Parties
Aggregate amount of loans/ advances in nature of loans			
- Repayable on Demand(A)	2,27,000		
Agreement does not specify any terms or period of repayment (B)			
Total (A+B)	2,27,000		
Percentage of loans/advances in nature of loans to the total loans	100%		

- iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company had not granted any loans or provided any guarantee or security to the parties covered under section 185 or made investment as per provisions of section 186. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable.
- v) The Provisions of the section 73 to 76 and any other relevant provisions of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended), are not applicable to the Company being an non-banking financial company registered with the Reserve Bank of India ('the RBI') and also the Company has not accepted any deposits from public or there is no amount which has been considered as deemed deposit within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- vi) On the basis of available information and explanation provided to us, the Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Amendment Rules, 2014 dated December 31, 2014 (as amended from time to time) to the current operations carried out by the Company. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(vi) Order are not applicable.
- vii)a) The Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues and other statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities. Further there were no undisputed outstanding statutory dues as on the last day of the financial year concerned for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues and other statutory dues as on 31/03/2025 on account of dispute.
- viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us, there are no unrecorded transactions that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax

assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961). Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(viii) of the Order are not applicable.

- ix) a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender during the year.
 - b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
 - c) The Company has neither taken/repaid any term loans during the year covered by our audit.
 - d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the company.
 - e) The company has no subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order are not applicable.
 - f) The company has no subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order are not applicable.
- x) a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company did not raise moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(x)(a) of the Order are not applicable.
 - b) During the year, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible). Accordingly, provisions of clause 3 (x)(b) of the Order are not applicable.
- xi) a) As per the information and explanations given to us and as verified by us, there were no frauds on or by the Company which have not been noticed or reported during the year.
 - b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
 - c) As represented to us by the management, there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, provisions of clause 3(xii)(a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable.
- xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of Act, where applicable, and the requisite details have been disclosed in the financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv) a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has an internal audit system as required under section 138 of the Act, Which is commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- b) We have considered the reports issued by the Internal Auditors during the year for the period up to 31st March 2025.

- xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with the directors or persons connected with them and accordingly provisions of Section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the company.
- xvi) a) The Company has obtained registration under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
 - b) During the year, the company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Further, Company has not conducted any Housing Finance activities and is not required to obtain CoR for such activities from the RBI
 - c) The company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India and hence reporting under Clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - d) The company is not part of any group and is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, provisions of clause 3(xvi)(d) of the order are not applicable.
- xvii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has neither incurred any cash losses in the financial nor in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii) There has been no resignation of the previous statutory auditors during the year.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and We neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.
 - xx) The Company is not required to spent any expenditure by way of corporate social responsibilities u/s 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, the provisions of the clause 3 (xx) (a) & (b) of the order are not applicable to the Company.
 - xxi) The reporting under clause (xxi) is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

For Sanjeev Bhargava & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No.: 003724N

V K. Gupta (Partner) M. No. – 081647 UDIN – 25081647BMMLTZ7998

Place: New Delhi Date: 30/05/2025

Annexure 'B' to the Independent Auditors' Report of even date on the financial statements of Brilliant Portfolios Limited

(Referred to in paragraph 3(f) under the 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-Section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Brilliant Portfolios Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on "the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India" (the "Guidance Note"). These responsibilities includes design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and Guidance note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedure to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal controls based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

A Company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide a reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and preparation of financial statements for external purpose in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that:

1. Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;

- Provide reasonable assurance that the transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of
 financial statements in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts
 and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of
 management and directors of the Company; and
- Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statement, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial control with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the criteria for internal financial control with reference to financial statements established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For Sanjeev Bhargava & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No.: 003724N

V K. Gupta (Partner) M. No. – 081647 UDIN – 25081647BMMLTZ7998

Place: New Delhi Date: 30/05/2025

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

Note 1: CORPORATE INFORMATION

Brief Profile:

Brilliant Portfolios Limited (the Company) having principal place of business at Registered office, B - 09, 412, ITL Twin Tower, Netaji Subhash Place, Pitampura, New Delhi - 110088 is a NBFC and engaged in providing services related to the business activity of NBFC within India. As per RBI's Scale Based Regulations (SBR), The company is classified as NBFC - Base Layer (NBFC - BL)

The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 were approved by the Board of Directors on 30th May 2025.

Note 2: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 read with section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (as amended from time to time) and relevant presentation requirements of the Companies Act 2013.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that fair value measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period as explained in the accounting policies and the relevant provisions of the Act.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly-issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and the accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) and all values are rounded to two decimal thousands except when otherwise indicated.

2.2 Presentation of Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Company are presented as per Schedule III (Division III) of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) applicable to NBFCs, as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA). Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported on a gross basis except when, there is an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event and the parties intend to settle on a net basis in the following circumstances:

- i. The normal course of business
- ii. The event of default
- iii. The event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company and / or its counterparties

2.3 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is a contract that gives rise to a financial asset for one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument for another entity. Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company

becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Initial Recognition and Measurement

Trade receivables are initially recognised when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A financial asset is initially recognised at fair value. In case of financial assets which are recognised at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), its transaction cost are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. In other cases, the transaction cost are attributed to the acquisition value of the financial asset.

Classification and Subsequent Measurement

Financial Assets Subsequent Measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:

- -Financial Asset carried at amortised cost
- -Financial Asset at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- -Financial Asset at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

Financial Asset carried at Amortised Cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial Asset at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial Asset at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

Equity Instruments

All equity investments in the scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value.

For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument by- instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable. If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to statement of profit and loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the statement of Profit and Loss.

De-Recognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's Balance Sheet) when:

- (i) The contractual rights to receive cash flows from the asset has expired, or
- (ii) The Company has transferred its contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

Financial Liabilities

Initial Recognition and Measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. The Company's financial liabilities include trade payables, borrowings etc.

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial liabilities are classified in two categories:

- Financial liabilities at amortised cost
- Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)

Financial Liabilities at Amortized cost

Loans and Borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss. This category generally applies to borrowings.

De-Recognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgments in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets, are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit ('CGU') is the greater of its value in use or its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets ('CGU').

An impairment loss is recognized, if the carrying amount of an asset or its CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount and is recognised in statement of profit and loss.

Impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at end of each reporting period for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (a) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- (b) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

2.4 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or

receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

The specific recognition criteria described below must also be met before revenue is recognised.

Sale of Shares

Revenue from sale of shares is recognized when all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the traded goods have been passed to the buyer.

Interest Income

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rate. Further, in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India for Non-Banking Finance Companies, income on business assets classified as Non-performing Assets, is also recognized on receipt basis.

Dividend Income

Dividend income is accounted as and when right to receive dividend is established.

2.5 Net gain on Fair value changes

Any differences between the fair values of financial assets classified as "Fair Value Through Profit or Loss" held by the company on the reporting date is recognised as an unrealised gain / loss in the statement of profit and loss. In cases there is a net gain in the aggregate, the same is recognised in "Net gains on fair value changes" under Revenue from operations and if there is a net loss the same is disclosed as "Net loss on fair value changes" under Expenses in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.6 Finance Costs

Finance Costs on borrowings is paid towards availing of loan, is amortised on EIR basis over the life of loan.

The EIR in case of a financial liability is computed

- a. As the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability to the gross carrying amount of the amortised cost of a financial liability.
- b. By considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument in estimating the cash flows.
- c. including all fees paid between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs, and all other premiums or discounts.

Any subsequent changes in the estimation of the future cash flows are recognised in interest expense with the corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the liability.

Interest expense includes issue costs that are initially recognized as part of the carrying value of the financial liability and amortized over the expected life using the effective interest method. These include fees and commissions payable to advisers and other expenses such as external legal costs. Rating Fees etc, provided these are incremental costs that are directly related to the issue of a financial liability.

2.7 Employee's Benefits

Benefits such as salaries, wages and short-term compensated absences, bonus and ex-gratia etc. are recognised in statement of profit and loss in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

2.8 Taxes

Current Income Tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax reflects the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received after considering the uncertainty, if any, related to income taxes. It is measured using tax rates (and tax law) enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are only recognised for temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits if it is probable that future taxable amounts will arise to utilise those temporary differences and losses. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

2.9 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent comprise the net amount of short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash (short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less) and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. They are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments (rather than for investment or other purposes).

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above.

2.10 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment (PPE) are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment, if any. The total cost of assets comprises its purchase price, freight, duties, taxes and any other incidental expenses directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the management. Changed in expected useful life are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of tangible asset are added to its gross value only if it increases the future benefits of the existing asset, beyond its previously assessed standards of performance and cost can be measured reliably. Other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed off as and when incurred.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated using the written down value method to write down the cost of property and equipment to their residual values over their estimated useful lives which is in line with the estimated useful life as specified in Schedule II of the Act. The estimated useful lives are as prescribed by Schedule II of the Act. The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate

Property plant and equipment is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is recognised in other income / expense in the statement of profit and loss in the year the asset is derecognised. The date of disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the date the recipient obtains control of that item in accordance with the requirements for determining when a performance obligation is satisfied in Ind AS 115.

2.11 Inventories

Items of inventories are measured at lower of cost and net realizable value after providing for obsolescence, wherever considered necessary. Cost of inventories comprises of cost of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs including manufacturing overheads incurred in bringing them to their respective present location and condition.

2.12 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of the time value of money is material, the Company determines the level of provision by discounting the expected cash flows at a pre-tax rate reflecting, the current rates specific to the liability. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

2.13 Contingent Liabilities and Commitment

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arise from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

2.14 Statement of cash flows:

Statement of cash flows is prepared segregating the cash flows into operating, investing and financing activities. Cash flow from operating activities is reported using indirect method adjusting the profit before tax for the effects of:

- (i) changes during the period in operating receivables and payables transactions of a non-cash nature;
- (ii) non-cash items such as depreciation, provisions, deferred taxes, unrealised gains and losses; and
- (iii) all other items for which the cash effects are investing or financing cash flows.

Cash and cash equivalents (including bank balances) shown in the Statement of Cash Flows exclude items which are not available for general use as on the date of Balance Sheet.

2.15 Earnings Per Share (EPS)

The Company Reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Ind AS 33 on Earnings per share. EPS is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting preference dividend and attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. In computing the dilutive earnings per

share, only potential equity shares that are dilutive and that either reduces the earnings per share or increases loss per share are included.

2.16 Significant Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the Company's financial statements in conformity with the Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Revenue Recognition and Presentation

The Company assesses its revenue arrangements against specific criteria, i.e. whether it has exposure to the significant risks and rewards associated with the sale of goods or the rendering of services, in order to determine if it is acting as a principal or as an agent. The Company has concluded that they operating on a principal to principal basis in all its revenue arrangements.

When deciding the most appropriate basis for presenting revenue or costs of revenue, both the legal form and substance of the agreement between the Company and its business partners are reviewed to determine each party's respective role in the transaction.

Useful Lives of Property, Plant and Equipment

The Company reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.

Recoverability of Deferred Taxes

In assessing the recoverability of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. The ultimate realisation of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which the temporary differences become deductible. Management considers the projected future taxable income and tax planning strategies in making this assessment.

2.17 Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendment to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended March 31, 2025, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Company.

BRILL	IANT PORTFOLIOS LIMITED			
Baland	ce Sheet as at 31, March 2025		0	Rs. in Thousand)
Particu	ulars	Notes	As At March 31, 2025	As At March 31, 2024
AS	SSETS			
	nancial Assets			
. ,	Cash and Cash Equivalents	3	2,217.06	483.89
, ,	Bank Balances Other Than (A) Above	4	840.56	787.38
٠,	Loans Other Financial Appare	5	2,27,000.00	2,29,400.00
` '	Other Financial Assets	6	1,977.87	1,949.14
	on-Financial Assets	7		700 22
٠,	Inventories	7 8	931.58	708.32 1,471.18
	Current Tax Assets (Net) Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	9	150.01	1,471.16
	Property, Plant and Equipment	10	2,572.62	3,725.17
	Other Non Financial Assets	11	86,141.95	89,882.46
, ,	OTAL-ASSETS	''' -	3,21,831.65	3,28,408.60
10	77AL-AGGE 10	=	3,21,031.03	3,20,400.00
LIA	ABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LI/	ABILITIES			
1 Fir	nancial Liabilities			
(a)	Payables			
(I) ·	Trade Payables	12		
	(i) Total Outstanding Dues of Micro Enterprises and Small		-	-
	terprises			
	(ii) Total Outstanding Dues of Creditors Other Than Micro		-	-
	terprises and Small Enterprises	4.0	. =	. == === ==
	Borrowings (Other Than Debt Securities)	13	1,78,600.00	1,79,200.00
` ,	Other Financial Liabilities	14	13,228.49	14,218.59
	on-Financial Liabilities	4.5	07.005.40	47.550.00
, ,	Other Non-Financial Liabilities	15	37,065.16	47,558.63
	OTAL LIABILITIES		2,28,893.65	2,40,977.22
	QUITY Fourth Share Conite!	16	24 049 00	24 049 00
	Equity Share Capital	16	31,018.00	31,018.00
	Other Equity	17	61,920.00	56,413.38
	OTAL EQUITY OTAL- LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	-	92,938.00 3,21,831.65	87,431.38 3,28,408.60
			3,21,031.03	3,20,400.00
	ary of Significant Accounting Policies companying notes form an integral part of financial stateme	1 & 2		
III c ac	companying notes form arrintegral part of illiancial stateme	HIS		
As per	our report of even date attached			
	njeev Bhargava & Associates	For and	on behalf of the Bo	
	red Accountants		Brilliant I	Portfolios Limited
Firm's	registration number: 003724N			
V. K. G	iupta	Ravi Jai	n	R.N. Arora
(Partne			ng Director	Director
•	ership Number: 081647	DIN: 026		DIN: 00503731
Dlaco:	New Delhi	Ashish		
	New Deini 30/05/2025		ny Secretary & CFO	
	25081647BMMLTZ7998	Sonipai	iy decietaly & CFU	

	nent of Profit & Loss for the Year ended 31, March 2025			(Rs. in Thousand)
Partic	Particulars		For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended
			31.03.2025	31.03.2024
	Revenue from Operations			
	(i) Interest Income	18	31,295.30	30,263.00
	(ii) Dividend Income		2.13	1.92
	(iii) Sale of Shares		698.04	
	(iv) Net Gain on fair value changes	19 _	35.04	211.81
(I)	Total Revenue from Operations		32,030.51	30,476.73
(II)	Other Income	20 _	113.66	99.59
(III)	Total Income (I+II)		32,144.17	30,576.32
	Expenses			
	(i) Finance Costs	21	17,173.92	17,337.33
	(ii) Fees and Commission Expenses	22	492.30	577.72
	(iii) Change in Inventories of Finished Goods, Work in	23	743.36	-
	Progress, and Stock in Trade			
	(iv) Employee Benefits Expenses	24	1,008.97	810.80
	(v) Depreciation	10	1,152.55	9.47
	(vi) Other Expenses	25	4,014.16	5,225.35
(IV)	Total Expenses (IV)		24,585.26	23,960.67
(V) (VI)	Profit / (Loss) before Exceptional Items and Tax (III-IV) Exceptional Items		7,558.91 -	6,615.65 -
(VII)	Profit / (Loss) before Tax (V-VI)	_	7,558.91	6,615.65
(VIII)	Tax Expense:			
	(1) Current Tax	26	2,201.24	1,539.02
	(2) Deferred Tax	27	(148.95)	81.76
(IX)	Profit for the year (VII-VIII)		5,506.62	4,994.87
(X)	Other Comprehensive Income	_	-	-
(XI)	Total Comprehensive Income for the year (IX+X)		5,506.62	4,994.87
(XII)	Earning Per Equity Share	28	-,	1,00
(,	Basic (Rs.)		1.78	1.61
	Diluted (Rs.)		1.78	1.61
Cimmie		1 & 2		
Signili	cant Accounting Policies	102		
The ac	companying notes form an integral part of financial statements			
As per	our report of even date attached			
For Sa	anjeev Bhargava & Associates	For an	d on behalf of the E	Board of Directors of
Charte	red Accountants		Brillia	nt Portfolios Limited
Firm's	registration number: 003724N			
V. K. (Punta	Ravi Ja	in	R.N. Arora
(Prop			ng Director	Director
	ership Number: 081647	DIN: 02	-	DIN: 00503731
Disco	New Delhi	Ashish		
	30/05/2025		ny Secretary & CF(1
Dale.	30/03/2023	Compa	ily Secretary & CFC	•

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2025

(Rs. in Thousand)

	(Rs. in Thousand		
Particulars	Year En		
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Profit before Tax	7,558.91	6,615.65	
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation & Amortisation	1,152.55	9.47	
Provision for standard assets	(6.00)	36.00	
Net gain on fair value change	· - 1	(211.81)	
Operating Profit / (Loss) before Working Capital		` ,	
Changes	8,705.46	6,449.31	
Working Capital Changes			
Loans	2,400.00	(14,400.00)	
Inventories	708.32	,	
Other Financial Assets	(28.73)	(142.96)	
Other Non- Financial Assets	5,211.69 [°]	34,509.15	
Other Bank Balances	(53.18)	(45.29)	
Trade Payables & Contract Liabilities	- 1	(0.21)	
Other Financial Liablities	(990.11)	(11,591.56)	
Other Non- Financial Liablities	(10,487.46)	(7,022.34)	
Cash used in Operations Before tax	5,465.99	7,756.10	
Less: Income Tax Paid / TDS	3,132.82	3,010.20	
Net Cash Flow from / (used in) Operating Activities	2,333.17	4,745.90	
Net Cash flow from / (used in) Investing Activities			
Property, Plant and Equipment	_	(3,700.00)	
Net Cash flow from / (used in) Investing Activities	-	(3,700.00)	
Cash Flows from Financing Activities			
Borrowings other than debt securities Issued / (Repaid)	(600.00)	(1,014.60)	
Net Cash flow from / (used in) Financing Activities	(600.00)	(1,014.60)	
Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash			
· ·	4 700 47	04.00	
Equivalents	1,733.17	31.30	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the	483.89	452.59	
year	0.047.00	400.00	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the year	2,217.06	483.89	
Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Cash on Hand	317.23	322.23	
Balances with Banks			
In Current Accounts	1,899.83	161.66	
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,217.06	483.89	
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies 1 & 2	,		

Notes

- 1. The above Cash flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method set out in Accounting Standard-
- 3, "Cash Flow Statement" notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014.
- 2. Notes to the financials statements are an integral part of the Cash Flow Statement.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For Sanjeev Bhargava & Associates Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Brilliant Portfolios Limited

Firm's registration number: 003724N

V. K. Gupta Ravi Jain R.N. Arora (Proprietor) Managing Director Director
Membership Number: 081647 DIN: 02682612 DIN: 00503731

Place: New Delhi Ashish

Date: 30/05/2025 Company Secretary & CFO

UDIN: 25081647BMMLTZ7998

Statement of Changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2025

A. Equity Share Capital

(1) Current Year

L					(Rs. in Thousand)
	Balance as at April 01, 2024	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance as at April 01, 2024	Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year 2024-25	Balance as at March 31, 2025
I	31,018.00	-	31,018.00	-	31,018.00

(2) Previous Year

(Rs. in Thousand)

(NS. III THOUSAND)						
Balance as at April 01, 2023	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance as at April 01, 2023	Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year 2023 - 24	Balance as at March 31, 2024		
31,018.00	-	31,018.00	-	31,018.00		

B. Other Equity

(Rs. in Thousand)

			(113	s. III Tilousaliu)
Particulars	Reserve &	Other Comprehensive Income	Total equity	
	Statutory reserve pursuant to section 45-IC of RBI Act, 1934	Retained Earnings	Remeasurements of net defined benefit plans	
Balance as at April 01, 2023	12,007.89	39,410.62	-	51,418.51
Profit for the year	-	4,994.87	-	4,994.87
Other comprehensive income	-	-		-
Transfer to Statutory reserve	998.97	(998.97)	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2024	13,006.86	43,406.52	-	56,413.38
Profit for the year	-	5,506.62	-	5,506.62
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Statutory reserve	1,101.31	(1,101.31)	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2025	14,108.17	47,811.83	-	61,920.00

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies 1 & 2
The accompanying notes form an integral part of financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For Sanjeev Bhargava & Associates

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Brilliant Portfolios Limited

Firm's registration number: 003724N

Chartered Accountants

V. K. Gupta Ravi Jain R.N. Arora (Proprietor) Managing Director Director

Membership Number: 081647 DIN: 02682612 DIN: 00503731

Place: New Delhi Ashish

Date: 30/05/2025 Company Secretary & CFO

UDIN: 25081647BMMLTZ7998

Notes to accounts for the Period ended March 31, 2025

Note 3: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		(Rs. in Thousand)	
Particulars	As At March 31, 2025	As At March 31, 2024	
Balances with banks:			
- Current account	1,899.83	161.66	
Cash on hand	317.23	322.23	
	2,217.06	483.89	

Note 4: BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN (NOTE 3) ABOVE

	•	(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Bank deposits with more than twelve months maturity	840.56	787.38
	840.56	787.38

Note 5: LOANS

Note 3 . LOANS		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
A		
Loans	2,27,000.00	2,29,400.00
Total - Gross (A)	2,27,000.00	2,29,400.00
Less: Expected Credit Loss		-
Total - Net (A)	2,27,000.00	2,29,400.00
В		
Secured by tangible Asset	2,00,000.00	2,00,000.00
Unsecured	27,000.00	29,400.00
Total - Gross(B)	2,27,000.00	2,29,400.00
Less: Expected Credit Loss	<u> </u>	-
Total - Net (B)	2,27,000.00	2,29,400.00
С		
Loans in India		
i. Public Sector	-	-
ii. others	2,27,000.00	2,29,400.00
Total - Gross(C)	2,27,000.00	2,29,400.00
Less: Expected Credit Loss	-	-
Total - Net (C)	2,27,000.00	2,29,400.00

Note 1- The Company's buisness model is to hold contractual cash flows, being the payment of Principal and Interest till maturity and accordingly the loans are measured at amortised cost.

Note 2- Secured Loans are secured by way of collateral of immovable property and securities.

Note 3- The Company does not have any loans outside India.

Note 6: OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Interest accrued on loan	1,977.87	1,949.14
	1,977.87	1,949.14
Note 7 : INVENTORIES		
		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Shares (at Fair Value Through Profit & Loss)	-	708.32
Shares (at Fair Value Through Profit & Loss)	- -	708.32 708.32
Shares (at Fair Value Through Profit & Loss)		
Shares (at Fair Value Through Profit & Loss) Note 8 : CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET)	-	
Note 8 : CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET)	- - As At	708.32
Note 8 : CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET)	- - As At March 31, 2025	708.32 (Rs. in Thousand)
		708.32 (Rs. in Thousand) As At
Note 8 : CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET) Particulars	March 31, 2025	708.32 (Rs. in Thousand) As At March 31, 2024
Note 8 : CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET) Particulars Advance Income Tax / TDS	March 31, 2025 3,132.82	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Note 8 : CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET) Particulars Advance Income Tax / TDS	March 31, 2025 3,132.82	(Rs. in Thousand As At March 31, 202 3,010.2 1,539.0
Note 8 : CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET) Particulars Advance Income Tax / TDS Less : Provision of Tax	March 31, 2025 3,132.82 2,201.24 931.58	(Rs. in Thousand) As At March 31, 2024 3,010.20 1,539.02
Note 8 : CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET) Particulars Advance Income Tax / TDS Less : Provision of Tax Note 9 : DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (NET)	March 31, 2025 3,132.82 2,201.24 931.58	(Rs. in Thousand) As At March 31, 2024 3,010.20 1,539.02
Note 8 : CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET) Particulars Advance Income Tax / TDS Less : Provision of Tax Note 9 : DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (NET)	March 31, 2025 3,132.82 2,201.24 931.58	708.32 (Rs. in Thousand) As At March 31, 2024 3,010.20 1,539.02 1,471.18

150.01

150.01

Note 10 : PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

- Property, plant and equipment

				(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	Computer	Plant &	Office	Total
		Machinery	Equipment	
Gross Block				
As at April 01, 2023	150.00	209.05	333.64	692.69
A daliki a sa alamina a kha a sa a sa		0.700.00		0.700.00
Addition during the year	=	3,700.00	-	3,700.00
Disposals during the year As at March 31, 2024	150.00	3,909.05	- 333.64	4,392.69
		,		,
Addition during the year	=	-	-	-
Disposals during the year	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2025	150.00	3,909.05	333.64	4,392.69
Depreciation				
As at April 01, 2023	142.50	198.60	316.95	658.05
Depreciation for the year	_	9.47	-	9.47
Disposal during the year	_	-	_	=
As at March 31, 2024	142.50	208.07	- 316.95	667.52
Depreciation for the year	_	1,152.55	_	1,152.55
Disposal during the year	-	=	-	- -
As at March 31, 2025	142.50	1,360.62	316.95	1,820.07
Net Block				
At March 31, 2024	7.50	3,700.98	16.69	3,725.17
At March 31, 2025	7.50	2,548.43	16.69	2,572.62

1.06

1.06

Note 11: OTHER NON FINANCIAL ASSETS

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Capital Advances	85,500.00	85,500.00
Other Advances	641.95	4,382.46
	86,141.95	89,882.46

Note 12: TRADE PAYABLES

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Outstanding dues to micro and small enterprises*	-	-
Outstanding dues to parties other than micro and small enterprises	-	-
	_	_

Based on the intimation received by the Company, none of the suppliers have confirmed to be registered under "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development ('MSMED') Act, 2006". Accordingly, no disclosures relating to amounts unpaid as at the year end together with interest paid /payable are required to be furnished.

* The information as required to be disclosed under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of Information available with the Company. The amount of principal and interest outstanding during the year is given below.

Particulars	As At March 31, 2025	As At March 31, 2024
a. Amount outstanding but not due as at year end	-	-
b. Amount due but unpaid as at the year end	-	-
c. Amount paid after appointed date during the year	-	-
d. Amount of intereast accrued and unpaid as at year end	-	-
e. The amount of further interest due and payable even in the suceeding year	-	-
Total	-	-

Ageing schedule

(1) Current Year

(Rs. in Thousand)

Particulars	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				e date of
		Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-

(2) Previous Year

(Rs. in Thousand)

Particulars	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
		Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note 13: BORROWINGS (OTHER THAN DEBT SECURITIES)

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Loan Repayable on Demand -		
Unsecured		
From others Parties	1,78,600.00	1,79,200.00
	1,78,600.00	1,79,200.00
Borrowings in India	1,78,600.00	1,79,200.00
Borrowings outside India	-	-
	1,78,600.00	1,79,200.00

Note 14: OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings		
- Amount due to others	2,655.24	3,644.82
Others	10,573.25	10,573.77
	13,228.49	14,218.59

Note 15: OTHER NON FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Advances from others	35,995.00	46,495.00
Statutory dues payable	502.66	490.13
Provision for contingency against standard assets	567.50	573.50
	37,065.16	47,558.63

Note 16: EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Authorised share capital 35,00,000 (March 31, 2024: 35,00,000) shares of Rs 10 each	35.000.00	35,000.00
	33,000.00	33,000.00
Issued, subscribed and paid up	31.018.00	21.019.00
31,01,800 (March 31, 2024: 31,01,800) equity shares of Rs 10 each	31,016.00	31,018.00
	31,018.00	31,018.00

Reconciliation of issued and subscribed share capital at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period:

Particulars	As At March 31, 2025		As At March 31, 2024	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Equity Shares outstanding as at the beginning of the year Issued during the year	31,01,800 -	31,018.00 -	31,01,800 -	31,018.00 -
Equity Shares outstanding as at the end of the year	31,01,800	31,018.00	31,01,800	31,018.00

Terms/ rights attached to equity shares:

The company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share and entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time.

During the year ended 31st March, 2025, no dividend (Previous Year Nil) is declared by the Board of Directors.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

Name of Shareholder		As At March 31, 2025		As At March 31, 2024	
	Number	%	Number	%	
A.K. Jain	2,34,200	7.55%	2,34,200	7.55%	
Ravi Jain	2,88,700	9.31%	2,88,700	9.31%	
Sarita Jain	3,03,220	9.78%	3,03,220	9.78%	
Meenu Jain	2,86,295	9.23%	1,46,795	4.73%	

As per records of the company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

Details of promoters holding shares in the company are given below

Promoter Name	A	As At March 31, 2025		At	% Change
	March			March 31, 2024	
	Number of	% of total	Number of	% of total	-
	shares	shares	shares	shares	
Individuals / Hindu undivided Family					
R N Arora	35,760	1.15%	35,760	1.15%	0.00%
Deepak Kumar Aggarwal	1,02,900	3.32%	1,02,900	3.32%	0.00%
Ankit Aggarwal	1,03,600	3.34%	1,03,600	3.34%	0.00%
A.K. Jain	2,34,200	7.55%	2,34,200	7.55%	0.00%
Subhash Chander Mittal	9,300	0.30%	9,300	0.30%	0.00%
Sangeeta Jain	1,53,565	4.95%	1,53,565	4.95%	0.00%
Sarita Jain	3,03,220	9.78%	3,03,220	9.78%	0.00%
Ravi Jain	2,88,700	9.31%	2,88,700	9.31%	0.00%
Meenu Jain	2,86,295	9.23%	1,46,795	4.73%	4.50%
Paritosh Jain	1,53,800	4.96%	1,53,800	4.96%	0.00%
Total	16,71,340	53.88%	15,31,840	49.39%	

Shares held by Holding / Ultimate holding company and/or their subsidaries/associates:

Nil

Note 17: OTHER EQUITY

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Statutory Reserve pursuant to Section 45-IC of the RBI Act,		
Balance as per last financial statements	13,006.86	12,007.89
Add: Amount transferred from surplus balance in the statement of		
profit and loss	1,101.31	998.97
Closing balance	14,108.17	13,006.86
Retained Earnings (Surplus / deficit in statement of profit		
Surplus / deficit in statement of profit and loss	43,406.52	39,410.62
Profit for the year	5,506.62	4,994.87
Less: Appropriations		
Transfer to Reserve Fund under section 45 IC(1) of Reserve Bank	1,101.31	998.97
of India Act, 1934		
	47,811.83	43,406.52
Total	61,920.00	56,413.38

Statutory Reserve pursuant to Section 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934

Every non banking financial company shall create a reserve fund to transfer therein a sum not less than twenty per cent of its net profit every year as disclosed in the statement of profit and loss and before any divident is declared

Note 18: INTEREST INCOME

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	For the year	For the year
	ended March	ended March
	31, 2025	31, 2024
Interest on Loans	31,295.30	30,263.00
	31,295.30	30,263.00
Note 19: NET (GAIN)/ LOSS ON FAIR VALUE CHANGES		
		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	For the year	For the year
	ended March	ended March
	31, 2025	31, 2024
(A) Net (gain)/ loss on financial instruments at fair value through		
profit or loss		
(i) on trading portfolio		
.Inventories (Shares)	35.04	211.81
Total Net (gain)/ loss on fair value changes(A)	35.04	211.81
(B) Fair Value chages:		
. Unrealised	-	211.81
. Realised	35.04	-
Total Net (gain)/ loss on fair value changes(B)	35.04	211.81
Note 20 : OTHER INCOME		-
		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	For the year	For the year
	ended March	ended March
	31, 2025	31, 2024
Interest on FDR	56.26	48.21
Interest on Income tax refund	51.40	51.38
Reversal of Provision for Standard Assets	6.00	
	113.66	99.59
Note 21 : FINANCE COSTS		
		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	For the year	For the year
	ended March	ended March
	31, 2025	31, 2024
Bank Charges	1.03	1.27
Interest on Loans	17,172.89	17,336.06
Iniciosi on Loans	,=	,

Note 22: FEES AND COMMISSION EXPENSES

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Filing Fee	3.80	4.22
Listing Fee	383.50	383.50
Commission	105.00	190.00
	492.30	577.72

Note 23: CHANGE IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS, WORK IN PROGRESS AND STOCK IN TRADE

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
As at the beginning of the year:		
Shares (at Fair Value Through Profit & Loss)	708.32	496.51
Less: Provision for change in value of inventory	-	-
A	708.32	496.51
As at the closing of the year:		
Shares (at Fair Value Through Profit & Loss)	=	708.32
Less: Provision for change in value of inventory	=	-
В	-	708.32
Change in Inventories (Net) (A - B)	708.32	(211.81)
Less: Net (gain) / loss on fair value change through Profit & Loss		
	(35.04)	(211.81)
	743.36	<u> </u>

Note 24: EMPLOYEES BENEFIT EXPENSES

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	For the year	For the year
	ended March	ended March
	31, 2025	31, 2024
Salaries	1,008.97	810.80
	1,008.97	810.80

Note 25: OTHER EXPENSES

For the year ended March 31, 2025 5.00 80.00	For the year ended March 31, 2024 5.00
31, 2025 5.00	31, 2024 5.00
5.00	5.00
80.00	
	80.00
134.66	158.73
3,300.00	2,400.00
43.44	41.22
101.11	46.83
1.54	0.59
-	36.00
348.41	2,456.98
4,014.16	5,225.35
	134.66 3,300.00 43.44 101.11 1.54 - 348.41

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Payment to Auditors include		
As Auditor		
- Statutory Audit Fee	77.00	77.00
- Other Audit Fee	3.00	3.00
	80.00	80.00

CSR Expenses - As per the provisions of section 135 of the companies Act, 2013 company is not required to spend any amount

Disclosure in relation to undisclosed income - There are no transactions which are not recorded in the books of accounts which

Details of Crypto currency or Virtual currency - The company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency

Note 26: CURRENT TAX

Income Tax Recognised in statement of profit & loss

	(F	Rs. in Thousand)	
Particulars	As At	As At	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	
Current tax			
In respect of the current year In respect of prior years	2,201.24 -	1,539.02 -	
Deferred tax			
In respect of the current year In respect of prior years	(148.95) -	81.76 -	
Income tax expense recognised in the statement of profit or loss	2,052.29	1,620.78	

Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting Profit multiplied by India's Domestic tax rate for March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024

	(Rs. in Thousand)			
Particulars	As At	As At		
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024		
Accounting Profit before tax	7,558.91	6,615.65		
Tax on accounting profits at income tax rate of 25.168% (March 31, 2024: 25.168%)	1,902.42	1,665.03		
Tax pertaining to prior years	-	-		
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes	2.59	9.06		
Tax effect of income considered separately for tax purposes	147.28	-		
Tax effect of incomes which are not chargeable for tax purposes	-	(53.31)		
Tax effect of deduction under Chapter VIA	-	-		
At the effective income tax rate	2,052.29	1,620.78		
Income tax expense recognised in the statement of profit or loss	2,052.29	1,620.78		
Difference	-	-		

Note 27: DEFERRED TAX

The Following table shows deferred tax recorded in the balance sheet and changes recorded in the Income Tax expense:

(Rs. in Thousand)

Particulars	Deferred Tax	Deferred Tax	Income	OCI
	Assets	Liabilities	Statement	
		s At 31, 2025	2024-25	2024-25
Deferred tax relates to the				
Property, plant and equipment	150.01	-	(148.95)	-
Total	150.01	•	(148.95)	-

Particulars	Deferred Tax Assets	Deferred Tax Liabilities	Income Statement	ocı
		s At 31, 2024	2023-24	2023-24
Deferred tax relates to the				
following:				
Property, plant and equipment	1.06	ı	81.76	-
Total	1.06	•	81.76	•

Deferred Tax Assets / Liabilities are calculated at the applicable rate of 25.168% (March 31,2024: 25.168%)

NOTE 28: IN ACCORDANCE WITH IND AS - 33 EARNING PER SHARE

(Rs. in Thousand)

(Rs. in Thousand			
Particulars		As At March 31, 2025	As At March 31, 2024
Net Profit after tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss	Rs.	5,506.62	4,994.87
Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating Basic EPS	Nos.	31,01,800	31,01,800
Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating Diluted EPS	Nos.	31,01,800	31,01,800
Basic earnings per equity share (in Rupees) (Face value of 10/- per share)	Rs.	1.78	1.61
Diluted earnings per equity share (in Rupees) (Face value of 10/- per share)	Rs.	1.78	1.61

Note 29: CHANGE IN LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Particulars	As at April 1,	Cash Flows	Other	As at March 31,
	2024			2025
Borrowings other than debt	1,79,200.00	(600.00)	-	1,78,600.00
securities				
Total	1,79,200.00	(600.00)	1	1,78,600.00

Particulars	As at April 1, 2023	Cash Flows	Other	As at March 31, 2024
Borrowings other than debt securities	1,80,214.60	(1,014.60)	-	1,79,200.00
Total	1,80,214.60	(1,014.60)	-	1,79,200.00

Notes to accounts for the year ended March 31, 2025

Note 30: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

(Rs. in Thousand)

Particulars	Year ended Ma	arch 31, 2025	Year ended Ma	rch 31, 2024	
	FVTPL	Amortised	FVTPL	Amortised	
		Cost		Cost	
Financial assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	2,217.06	-	483.89	
Bank Balances Other Than Above	-	840.56	-	787.38	
Loans	-	2,27,000.00	-	2,29,400.00	
Other Financial Assets	-	1,977.87	-	1,949.14	
Inventories(Shares)	-	-	708.32	-	
Total Financial Assets	-	2,32,035.49	708.32	2,32,620.41	
Financial liabilities					
Trade Payables	-	-	-	-	
Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	-	1,78,600.00	-	1,79,200.00	
Other Financial Liabilities	-	13,228.49	-	14,218.59	
Total Financial Liabilities	-	1,91,828.49	-	1,93,418.59	

Fair Value Hierarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table

Assets and liabilities which are measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed

(Rs. in Thousand)

Particulars			Total		
	Carrying Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
As at March 31, 2025					
Financial assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,217.06	2,217.06	-	-	2,217.06
Bank Balances Other Than Above	840.56	840.56	-	-	840.56
Loans	2,27,000.00	-	-	2,27,000.00	2,27,000.00
Other Financial Assets	1,977.87	-	-	1,977.87	1,977.87
Total Financial Assets	2,32,035.49	3,057.63	-	2,28,977.87	2,32,035.49
Financial liabilities					
Trade Payables	-	_	-	-	_
Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	1,78,600.00	_	-	1,78,600.00	1,78,600.00
Other Financial Liabilities	13,228.49	-	-	13,228.49	13,228.49
Total Financial Liabilities	1,91,828.49	-	-	1,91,828.49	1,91,828.49
As at March 31, 2024					
Financial assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	483.89	483.89	-	-	483.89
Bank Balances Other Than Above	787.38	787.38	-	-	787.38
Loans	2,29,400.00	-		2,29,400.00	2,29,400.00
Other Financial Assets	1,949.14	-	-	1,949.14	1,949.14
Total Financial Assets	2,32,620.41	1,271.27	-	2,31,349.14	2,32,620.41
Financial liabilities					
Trade Payables	_	_	-	-	-
Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	1,79,200.00	-	-	1,79,200.00	1,79,200.00
Other Financial Liabilities	14,218.59	-	-	14,218.59	14,218.59
Total Financial Liabilities	1,93,418.59	-	-	1,93,418.59	1,93,418.59

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value - recurring fair value measurements

(Rs. in Thousand)

				(RS	<u>. in Thousand)</u>			
Particulars		Fair Value						
	Carrying Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3				
As at March 31, 2025								
Inventories(Shares)	-	-	-	-	-			
Total	-	-	-	-	-			
As at March 31, 2024								
Inventories(Shares)	708.32	708.32	=	=	708.32			
Total	708.32	708.32	-	-	708.32			

Notes to accounts for the year ended March 31, 2025

Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company can access at measurement date.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

The carrying amounts of trade receivables, trade payables, capital creditors and cash and cash equivalents are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

The Company gives loans / taken borrowings at market rates. The fair value of these loans approximates the carrying amount.

For financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

Note 31: CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of the Company's capital management policy is to ensure that the Company complies with externally imposed capital requirements and maintains healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and to maximize shareholder value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and requirements of the financial covenants. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue capital securities. No changes have been made to the objectives, policies and processes from the previous years. However, they are under constant review by the Board.

Regulatory capital consists of Tier1 capital which comprises share capital, share premium, and retained earnings including current year profit. The other component of regulatory capital is Tier 2 capital instruments. Refer Note 36 (xii) for the company's capital ratios.

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk Disclosures

Company's risk is managed through an integrated risk management framework, including ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring, subject to risk limits and other controls. This process of risk management is critical to the Company's continuing profitability and each individual within the Company is accountable for the risk exposures relating to his or her responsibilities. It is the Company's policy to ensure that a robust risk awareness is embedded in its organisational risk culture

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise borrowings, trade and other payables, interest accrued and advances. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations.

The Company's principal financial assets includes loans, cash and cash equivalents, deposits with bank, interest accrued and advances

The Company is exposed to market risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

All activities for risk management purposes are carried out by the teams that have the appropriate skills, experience and supervision.

A. Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk borrowings, short term deposits and derivative financial instruments.

The Company's fixed rate borrowings are carried at amortised cost. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

i) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair values of financial instruments. The core business of the company is providing loans. The company borrows through various financial instruments to finance its core lending activity. These activities expose the company to interest rate risk.

Company does not have any floating rate borrowing. The Company's fixed rate borrowings are carried at amortised cost. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

B. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the Company will incur a loss because its customers or counteparties fail to discharge their contractual obligations. The Company manages and control credit risk by setting limits on the amount of risk it is willing to accept for individual counterparties The Company is exposed to credit risk mainly from its loans.

The Company continously monitors all assets subject to Expected Credit Losses. In order to determine whether an instrument or a portfolio of instruments is subject to 12 months Expected Credit Losse or lifetime Expected Credit Losse, the Company assesses whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.

C. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Company might be unable to meet its payment obligations when they fall due as a result of mismatches in the timing of the cash flows under both normal and stress circumstances. Such scenarios could occur when funding needed for illiquid asset positions is not available to the Company on acceptable terms. The Company's objective is to, at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements. The Company closely monitors its liquidity position and deploys a robust cash management system.

BRILLIANT PORTFOLIOS LIMITED

Notes to accounts for the year ended March 31, 2025

Note 32: Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 1 and Ind AS 107 "Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities"

(Rs. in Thousand)

		_			(Rs. in Thousand)				
S. No.	Particulars	As	At March 31, 2	2025	As	At March 31,	2024		
		Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total		
	ASSETS								
1	Financial Assets								
	(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,217.06	-	2,217.06	483.89	-	483.89		
	(b) Bank Balances Other Than (A) Above	-	840.56	840.56	-	787.38	787.38		
	(c) Loans	-	2,27,000.00	2,27,000.00	-	2,29,400.00	2,29,400.00		
	(d) Other Financial Assets	1,977.87	-	1,977.87	1,949.14	-	1,949.14		
2	Non-Financial Assets								
	(a) Inventories	-	-	-	-	708.32	708.32		
	(b) Current Tax Assets (Net)	-	931.58	931.58	-	1,471.18	1,471.18		
	(c) Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	-	150.01	150.01	-	1.06	1.06		
	(d) Property, Plant and Equipment	-	2,572.62	2,572.62	-	3,725.17	3,725.17		
	(e) Other Non Financial Assets	641.95	85,500.00	86,141.95	4,032.46	85,850.00	89,882.46		
	TOTAL-ASSETS	4,836.88	3,16,994.77	3,21,831.65	6,465.49	3,21,943.10	3,28,408.60		
	LIABILITIES								
1	Financial Liabilities (a) Payables (l) Trade Payables								
	(i) Total Outstanding Dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	(ii) Total Outstanding Dues of Creditors Other Than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	(b) Borrowings (Other Than Debt Securities)	-	1,78,600.00	1,78,600.00	-	1,79,200.00	1,79,200.00		
	(c) Other Financial Liabilities	3,048.29	10,180.20	13,228.49	4,038.39	10,180.20	14,218.59		
2	Non-Financial Liabilities								
	(a) Other Non-Financial Liabilities	502.66	36,562.50	37,065.16	490.13	47,068.50	47,558.63		
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,550.95	2,25,342.70	2,28,893.65	4,528.52	2,36,448.70	2,40,977.22		

The above information is based on certain management estimates which has been relied upon by the auditors.

Notes to accounts for the year ended March 31, 2025

Note 33: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

a) Name and relationship of the related parties:

Relationship	Name of Related Party
Key Management Personnels (KMP)	Ravi Jain, Managing Director
and their relatives	R. N. Arora, Director
	Bhuvnesh Kumar Sharma, Director
	Shruti Das, Director
	Rameshwar Dayal Sharma, Director .
	Ashish, Company Secretary & CFO

b) Details of the related party transactions during the year and balance outstanding as at the end of the year:

(Rs. in Thousand)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Profit and Loss Account Items:		
Expenses:		
(i) Remuneration & others		
Ravi Jain	3,300.00	2,400.00
Ashish	1,008.97	810.80
Balance outstanding as at the end		
of the year		
(i) Remuneration payable		
Ravi Jain		224.86
Ashish	65.23	70.48

Note 34: SEGMENT INFORMATION (IND AS 108)

The Company operates mainly in the business segment of fund based financing activity. All other activities revolve around the main business. Further, all activities are carried out within India. As such, there are no separate reportable segments as per the provisions of IND AS 108 on 'Operating Segments'.

Note 35: Schedule to the Balance Sheet of Non-Deposit taking Non-Banking Financial Company as required in terms of Reserve Bank of India Prudential Norms are annexed hereto.

Note 36: Previous year figures have been regrouped and reclassified wherever considered necessary.

Note 37 - Additional regulatory information under division III to schedule III as per notification dated March 24, 2021

(i) Title deeds of Immovable Property:

The Company does not have any immovable property whose title deeds are not held in the name of the company.

(ii) Revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment:

The company has not relvalued its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year.

(iii) Revaluation of Intangible Assets:

The company does not have any Intangible Assets during the year.

(iv) Loans or Advances:

During the year, the Company has not provided any loans or advances granted to promoters, directors and

(v) Intangible assets under development ageing schedule:

The company does not have any Intangible asset under development during the year.

(vi) Details of Benami Property held:

No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended from time to time) and the rules made thereunder.

(vii) Security of current assets against borrowings:

During the year no current asset is secured against borrowings of the company.

(viii) Wilful Defaulter:

The company has not declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.

(ix) Relationship with struck off Companies:

During the year, the Company has not entered into any transation with struck off companies.

(x) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies (ROC):

During the year, there was no delay in registration of charges or satisfaction with ROC and no charge is pending for registration.

(xi) Compliance with number of layers of companies:

The company has complied with the requirements of layers as per Section 186 of Companies Act, 2013.

(xii) Analytical Ratios:

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Current Period	Period Variance		Reason for Variance (if
						above 25%)
Capital to risk -weighted assets	Total Capital Fund	Total risk weighted	29.38%	26.99%	8.86%	-
ratios (CRAR)		assets / exposures				
Tier I CRAR	Net Owned Fund	Total risk weighted	29.20%	26.82%	8.87%	-
		assets / exposures				
Tier II CRAR	Aggregate Tier II	Total risk weighted	0.178%	0.176%	1.14%	-
	Capital	assets / exposures				
Liquidity Coverage Ratios	Stock of High	Total Cash Net	Not	Not		Refer Note below
	Quality Liquid	Outflow over the next	applicable	applicable		
	Assets	30 calendar days				

Note

The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) issued Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company – Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023. These guidelines include the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR), which is applicable to non-deposit taking NBFCs with an asset size exceeding Rs. 5000 Crores. However, the Company does not meet the criteria for LCR applicability, and therefore, the disclosure provisions related to LCR are not applicable to the Company.

(xiii) Compliance with approved Scheme(s) of Arrangements:

The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement.

(xiv) Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium

Borrowed funds have been utilised for the purpose they have been sanctioned and company does not have share premium during the year.

(xv)

- (a) The company has not advanced or loaned or Invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other source or other kind of funds) to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (b) The company has not received any fund (which are material either individual or in the aggregate) from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Parties ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

Note 38 - Disclosure Pursuant to Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company – Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023.

38.1 Exposures

38.1.1 Exposure to Real Estate Sector: None

38.1.2 Exposure to Capital Market

(Rs. in Thousand)

	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
i)	Direct investment in equity shares, convertible bonds, convertible debentures and units of equity orineted mutula funds the corpus of which is not exclusively invested in corporate debts	-	-
ii)	Advances against shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis to individuals for investment in shares (including IPOs / ESOPs), convertible bonds, convertible debentures, and units of equity oriented mutual funds	-	-
iii)	Advances for any other purposes where shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds are taken as primary security	-	-
iv)	Advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than shares / convertible bonds / convertible debentures / units of equity oriented mutual funds does not fully cover the advances	-	-
v)	Secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behalf of stockbrokers and market makers	-	-
vi)	Loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis for meeting promoter's contribution to the equity of new companies in anticipation of raising resources	2,00,000	2,00,000
vii)	Bridge loans to companies against expected equity flows / issues	-	-
viii)	Underwriting commitments taken up by the NBFCs in respect of primary issue of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds	-	-
ix)	Financing to stockbrokers for margin trading	-	-
x)	All exposures to Alternative Investment Funds:		
	(i) Category I	-	-
	(ii) Category II	-	-
	(iii) Category III	-	-
	Total exposure to capital market	2,00,000.00	2,00,000.00

38.1.3 Sectoral exposure

(Rs. in Thousand)

	Sectors	Year end	ed March 31,	2025	25 Year ended March 31, 2024					
		Total Exposure	Gross	Percentage	Total Exposure	Gross NPAs	Percentage of			
		(includes on	NPAs	of Gross	(includes on	(Rs in thousand)	Gross NPAs to total			
		balance sheet	(Rs in	NPAs to	balance sheet and		exposure in that			
		and off-balance	thousand)	total	off-balance sheet		sector			
		sheet exposure)		exposure in	exposure) (Rs in					
		(Rs in thousand)		that sector	thousand)					
1	Agriculture and	-	-	-	=	-	-			
	Allied Activities									
2	Industry									
	i. Steel Industry	=	-	-	•	-	=			
	ii. Hotel Industry	-	-	-	ı	-	=			
	Others	=	ı	-	I	-	=			
	Total of Industry	-	-	-	-	-	-			
	(i + ii + others)									
3	Services	-	-	-	II.	=	=			
4	Personal Loans	-	-	-	ı	-	-			
5	Others, if any									
	i. Inter Corporate	2,22,000.00	-	-	2,24,400.00	-	-			
	Deposit									
	ii. Other	5,000.00			5,000.00					
	Total of Others	2,27,000.00	-	-	2,29,400.00	-	-			

38.1.4 Intra-group exposure

S. No.	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2025
i)	Total amount of intra-group exposures	-	-
ii)	Total amount of top 20 intra-group exposures	-	-
	Percentage of intra-group exposures to total exposure of the NBFC on		
iii)	borrowers/customers	-	-

38.1.5 Unhedged foreign curreny exposure

There is no Unhedged foreign curreny exposures as on year ended March 31, 2025 (Previous Year Nil)

38.2 Related Party Disclosure

(Rs. in Thousand)

													(113.111	i iiousaiiu <i>j</i>
Related Party	Parent	(as per	Subsi	diaries	Asso	ciates/	Key Man	agement	Relati	ves of	Oth	ers2	To	tal
	owner	ship or			Joint v	entures	Perso	nnel ¹	K	ey				
	con	trol)							Manag	ement				
		,							Pers	onnel				
Items	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year
	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended
	March	March	March	March	March	March	March 31.	March 31,	March	March	March	March	March 31.	March 31,
	31.	31.	31.	31.	31.	31,	2025	2024	31,	31.	31.	31, 2024	2025	2024
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024			2025	2024	2025	01,2024	2020	
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Placement of deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Advances	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Purchase of fixed/														
other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sale of fixed/ other														
assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest received	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,308.97	3,210.80	-	-	-		4,308.97	3,210.80

^{1.} Includes transaction with directiors amounting to Rs. 3300 thousands (Previous year Rs. 2400 thousand). There is no transaction with relative of directiors during the current and previous year.

38.3 Disclosure of complaints

38.3.1 Summary information on complaints received by the NBFCs from customers and from the Offices of Ombudsman

S.No.		Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
	Comp	plaints received by the NBFC from its customers	-	-
1		Number of complaints pending at beginning of the year	-	-
2		Number of complaints received during the year	-	-
3		Number of complaints disposed during the year	-	-
	3.1	Of which, number of complaints rejected by the NBFC	-	-
4		Number of complaints pending at the end of the year	-	-
	Maintainable complaints received by the NBFC from Office of Ombudsman		-	-
5		Number of maintainable complaints received by the NBFC from Office of Ombudsman	-	-
	5.1	Of 5, number of complaints resolved in favour of the NBFC by Office of Ombudsman	-	-
	5.2	Of 5, number of complaints resolved through conciliation/mediation/advisories issued by Office of Ombudsman	-	-
	5.3	Of 5, number of complaints resolved after passing of Awards by Office of Ombudsman against the NBFC	-	-
6		Number of Awards unimplemented within the stipulated time (other than those appealed)	-	-

Note: Maintainable complaints refer to complaints on the grounds specifically mentioned in Integrated Ombudsman Scheme, 2021 (Previously The Ombudsman Scheme for Non-Banking Financial Companies, 2018) and covered within the ambit of the Scheme.

38.3.2 Top five grounds of complaints received by the NBFCs from customers

Grounds of complaints, (i.e. complaints relating to)	Number of complaints pending at the beginning of the year	Number of complaints received during the year	% increase/ decrease in the number of complaints received over the previous year	Number of complaints pending at the end of the year	Of 5, number of complaints pending beyond 30 days	
•	Year ended March 31, 2025					
Ground - 1	_	-	-	-	-	
Ground - 2	-	-	-	-	-	
Ground - 3	-	-	-	-	-	
Ground - 4	-	-	-	-	-	
Ground - 5	-	-	-	-	-	
Others	i	•	-	-	-	
Total	-	ı	-	•	-	
		Year ended Ma	arch 31, 2024			
Ground - 1	i	•	-	-	-	
Ground - 2	i	-	-	-	-	
Ground - 3	-	-	-	-	-	
Ground - 4	-	-	-	-	-	
Ground - 5	-	-	-	-	-	
Others	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	-	-	-	-	-	

For Sanjeev Bhargava & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 003724N

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Brilliant Portfolios Limited

V. K. Gupta (Partner)

Membership Number: 081647

Ravi Jain Managing Director DIN: 02682612 R.N. Arora Director DIN: 00503731

Place: New Delhi

Date: 30/05/2024

UDIN: 25081647BMMLTZ7998

Ashish

Company Secretary & CFO

t shall only be applicable to NBFCS which are included under The Reserve Bank - Integrated Ombudsman Scheme, 2021 🖈

ANNEXURE REFERRED TO IN NOTE NO. 35 OF OTHER NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ANNEXED AS PER RESERVE BANK OF INDIA PRUDENTIAL NORMS:

As required in terms of paragraph 18 of Master Direction DNBR.PD.007/03.10.119/2016-17 dated May 31, 2018 – Master Direction - Non-Banking Financial Company - Non-Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 ("Directions").

			(Rs	s. in Thousand)	
		Particulars			
		Liabilities side	Amount	Amount	
			Outstanding	Overdue	
(1)	Loa	ans and Advances availed by the NBFCs inclusive of			
		rest accrued thereon but not paid:			
	(a)	Debentures : Secured	NIL	NIL	
		: Unsecured	NIL	NIL	
		(Other than falling within the meaning of Public Deposits)	NIL	NIL	
	$\overline{}$	Deferred Credits	NIL	NIL	
	(c)	Term Loans	NIL	NIL	
	(d)	Inter-corporate loans and borrowing	1,81,255.24/-	NIL	
		Commercial Paper	NIL	NIL	
	(f)	Public Deposits	NIL	NIL	
	(g)	Other Loans (Specify Nature)	NIL	NIL	
(2)		ak-up of (1)(f) above (Outstanding public deposits			
		usive of interest accrued thereon but not paid):			
		In the form of Unsecured debentures	NIL	NIL	
	(b)	In the form of partly secured debentures i.e. debentures	NIL	NIL	
		where there is a shortfall in the value of security			
	(c)	Other public deposits	NIL	NIL	
		Assets side:	Amount Outstanding		
(3)		eak-up of Loans and advances including bills			
		eivables [other than those included in (4) below]:			
	\ /	Secured	2,00,000.00/-		
	(b)	Unsecured	1,12,500.00/-		
(4)		Break up of Leased Assets and stock on hire and			
		hypothecation loans counting towards EL / HP			
	(i)	Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors:			
		(a) Financial Lease	NIL		
		(b) Operational Lease	NIL		
	(ii)	Stock on Hire including hire charges under Sundry debtors:	NIL		
		(a) Assets on Hire			
		(b) Repossesed Assets	NII	_	
	(iii)	Hypothecation loans counting towards EL / HP activities			
		(a) Loans where assets have been repossesed	NII		
		(b) Loans other than (a) above	NII	_	
(5)		ak up of Investments:			
	Cui				
	1				
		(i) Shares: (a) Equity	NIL		
		(b) Preference	NIL		
		(ii) Debentured and Bonds	NIL		
		(iii) Units of Mutual Funds	NIL		
		(iv) Government Securities	NIL		
		(v) Others (Please Specify)	NIL		

	2	Unquoted:				
		(i) Shares: (a) Equity	NIL			
		(b) Preference	NIL			
		(ii) Debentured and Bonds	NII			
		(iii) Units of Mutual Funds	NIL			
		(iv) Government Securities		NIL		
		(v) Others (Please Specify)		NIL		
	Lor	ng Term Investments:				
	1	Quoted:		NIL		
		(i) Shares: (a) Equity		NIL		
		(b) Preference		NIL		
		(ii) Debentured and Bonds		NIL		
		(iii) Units of Mutual Funds		NIL		
		(iv) Government Securities		NIL		
		(v) Others (Please Specify)		NIL	-	
	2	Unquoted:				
		(i) Shares: (a) Equity		NIL	_	
		(b) Preference		NIL		
		(ii) Debentured and Bonds		NIL		
		(iii) Units of Mutual Funds		NIL		
		(iv) Government Securities		NIL	_	
		(v) Others (Please Specify)		NIL		
(6)	Boi	rrower Group-wise classification of all leas	sed assets,			
	sto	ck -on-hire and loans and advances as in	(3) and (4)			
	abo	ove:				
	Cat	egory				
			An	nount net of provis	sion	
	1	Related Parties	Secured	Unsecured	Total	
		(a) Subsidiaries	NIL	NIL	NIL	
		(b) Companies in the same group	NIL	NIL	NIL	
		(c) Other related parties	NIL	NIL	NIL	
	2	Other than Related Parties	2,00,000.00/-	1,12,500.00/-	3,12,500.00/-	
		Total	2,00,000.00/-	1,12,500.00/-	3,12,500.00/-	
(7)	Inv	estor Group-wise classification of all Inves	stments			
()		rrent and Long term) in shares and secur				
	`	egory	•	Market value /	Book Value	
	"			Break-up or fair	(Net of	
				value or NAV	Provisions)	
	1	Related Parties		Value of HAV	110110101101	
	├-	(a) Subsidiaries		NIL	NIL	
	\vdash	(b) Companies in the same group		NIL	NIL	
		(c) Other related parties		NIL	NIL	
	2	Other than Related Parties		NIL	NIL	
		Total		NIL	NIL	
/ 8\	Oth	er Information		IAIE	IVIL	
(0)	Otti	Particulars		Amount		
		(i) Gross Non- Performing Assets	Aillo	unt		
		(a) Related Parties	NIL			
<u> </u>	-	(b) Other than Related Parties	NIL NIL			
		()	INIL	-		
<u> </u>	-	(ii) Net Non-Performing Assets	A 111			
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(a) Related Parties	NIL			
		(b) Other than Related Parties	NIL NII			
1		(iii) Assets Acquired in satisfaction of debts	NIL			
Ь						

If undelivered please return to:
BRILLIANT PORTFOLIOS LIMITED
B – 09, ITL Twin Tower,
Netaji Subhash Place, Pitampura, New Delhi – 110088
Phone: 011-45058963

Website: http://www.brilliantportfolios.com E-mail:brilliantportfolios@gmail.com